BEGIN DECEMBER 20, 1961

30.24-2541

A185UN
U R G E N T
THIRD NIGHT LEAD U.N.
BY MILTON BESSER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., THURSDAY, DEC. 21 (AP)-THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY EARLY TODAY AGAIN DEPLORED CONTINUED DISREGARD BY THE SOVIET UNION AND HUNGARY OF PREVIOUS ASSEMBLY RESOLUTIONS DEALING WITH THE 1956 HUNGARIAN REVOLT.

THEN IT ADJOURNED AT 12:51 A.M. EST FOR A CHRISTMAS RECESS OF A LITTLE LESS THAN FOUR WEEKS.

ADLAI E. STEVENSON, THE CHIEF U.S. DELEGATE, APPEALED TO THE ASSEMBLY TO MAKE CLEAR TO THE SOVIET AND HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENTS THAT THE ASSEMBLY HAS NOT FORGOTTEN THE REVOLT CRUSHED LATE IN 1956 BY SOVIET MILITARY MIGHT.

OVER BITTER SOVIET BLOC OPPOSITION, THE ASSEMBLY APPROVED BY A VOTE OF 49 TO 17 WITH 32 ABSTENTIONS A RESOLUTION DEPLORING "THE CONTINUED DISREGARD" BY THE SOVIET UNION AND THE PRESENT HUNGARIAN REGIME OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTIONS CONCERNING THE SITUATION IN HUNGARY.

THE RESOLUTION ALSO TAKES NOTE OF THE REPORT BY SIR LESLIE MUNRO, SPECIAL U.N. REPRESENTATIVE ON HUNGARY, ALLEGING CONTINUED PERSECUTION OF HUNGARIANS WHO TOOK PART IN THE 1956 UPRISING.

THE VOTE ON THE RESOLUTION WAS THE FINAL ACTION TAKEN BY THE 104-NATION ASSEMBLY BEFORE ITS CHRISTMAS RECESS.

EARLIER IT HAD APPROVED A RESOLUTION EXPRESSING GRAVE CONCERN OVER VIOLATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN TIBET, NOW UNDER CHINESE COMMUNIST RULE.

THE ASSEMBLY, WHICH CONVENED IN SEPT. 19, WILL RESUME ON JAN. 15.

INDIAN DEFENSE MINISTER V.K. KRISHNA MENON WAS ON HAND TO THE CLOSING HOURS OF THE ASSEMBLY, BUT HE DID NOT SPEAK.

THERE WAS NO MENTION IN THE ASSEMBLY OF INDIA'S SUCCESSFUL MILITARY CONQUEST OF GOA.

EARLIER THE ASSEMBLY APPROVED UNANIMOUSLY THE U.S.-SOVIET COMPROMISE PLANS FOR LAUNCHING NEGOTIATIONS ON DISARMAMENT AND PEACEFUL EXPLORATION OF OUTER SPACE.

WITHOUT EVEN THE FORMALITY OF A VOTE THE ASSEMBLY APPROVED A RESOLUTION RECOMMENDED BY ITS POLITICAL COMMITTEE THAT A NEW 18-NATION COMMITTEE MAKE ANOTHER EFFORT AT BREAKING THE LONG-STANDING DISARMAMENT DEADLOCK.

IT GAVE SIMILAR RATIFICATION TO A RESOLUTION EXPANDING THE OUTER SPACE COMMITTEE TO 28 MEMBERS.

BOTH WERE THE RESULT OF LENGTHY U.S.-SOVIET NEGOTIATIONS, CARRIED ON PRIVATELY IN WASHINGTON, MOSCOW AND THE UNITED NATIONS.

THERE WAS NO WORD ON THE TIME OR DATE FOR THE DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS, BUT THE RESOLUTION SET JUNE 1 AS THE NEW COMMITTEE'S DEADLINE FOR REPORTING BACK TO THE ASSEMBLY.

THE MOST LIKELY SITE IS GENEVA, WHERE THE OLD 10-NATION EAST-WEST GROUP BROKE UP IN DISAGREEMENT IN THE SUMMER OF 1960. THE EIGHT NEW NATIONS ARE BRAZIL, BURMA, ETHIOPIA, INDIA, MEXICO, NIGERIA, SWEDEN AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

CHAD, MONGOLIA, MOROCCO AND SIERRA LEONE WERE ADDED TO THE OUTER SPACE COMMITTEE, WHICH WAS ASKED TO DEVELOP A BROAD PROGRAM OF INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC COOPERATION.

THE RESOLUTION DECLARED ALL CELESTIAL BODIES UNDER JURISDICTION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW, AND RULED OUT ANY CLAIMS BY INDIVIDUAL NATIONS TO SOVEREIGNTY OVER THE MOON OR ANY OF THE PLANETS.

IN ADDITION THE ASSEMBLY:

1. ASKED FRANCE AND THE ALGERIAN PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT TO RESUME NEGOTIATIONS TO END THE SEVEN-YEAR-OLD WAR IN ALGERIA AND GIVE THE NORTH AFRICAN TERRITORY INDEPENDENCE. THE VOTE WAS 62-0 WITH 38 ABSTENTIONS. FRANCE BOYCOTTED ALL COMMITTEE AND ASSEMBLY ALGERIAN DEBATE AND DID NOT TAKE PART IN THE VOTE.

2. ADOPTED BY A VOTE OF 55 TO 11 WITH 30 ABSTENTIONS A RESOLUTION EXPRESSING GRAVE CONCERN OVER VIOLATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN TIBET, NOW UNDER COMMUNIST CHINESE RULE. THE SOVIET BLOC AND CUBA MADE UP THE NO VOTES. THERE WAS NO DIRECT MENTION OF THE PEIPING REGIME IN THE RESOLUTION, WHICH ENDORSED THE TIBETAN PEOPLE'S RIGHT TO SELF-DETERMINATION.

3. AUTHORIZED A $200 MILLION BOND ISSUE AIMED AT KEEPING THE UNITED NATIONS FROM GOING BANKRUPT. BELGIUM, CUBA AND FRANCE JOINED THE SOVIET BLOC IN OPPOSING THE PROPOSAL, APPROVED 58-13 WITH 24 ABSTENTIONS.

MANY DELEGATES FELT THAT THE AGREEMENTS ON DISARMAMENT AND OUTER SPACE WERE THE MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF THE 16TH SESSION WHICH BEGAN UNDER THE TRAGIC SHADOW OF SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH IN A PLANE CRASH IN RHODESIA.

BUT THEY POINTED ALSO TO THE COMPROMISE REACHED ON THE APPOINTMENT OF BURMA'S U THANT AS ACTING SECRETARY-GENERAL TO SERVE UNTIL APRIL, 1963.

THE SOVIET UNION WAS UNABLE TO PUSH ACROSS ITS DEMANDS FOR A "TROIKA" U.N. DIRECTORSHIP REPRESENTING THE WESTERN, COMMUNIST AND NEUTRAL NATIONS. THEY HAD TO GIVE GROUND ALSO ON APPLYING THAT PRINCIPLE TO THE DISARMAMENT AND OUTER SPACE NEGOTIATING BODIES.

THE UNITED STATES COULD CLAIM THESE AS ACHIEVEMENTS, AS WELL AS THE BARRING OF THE DOOR TO THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS. THE ASSEMBLY DEBATED THE QUESTION FOR THE FIRST TIME, BUT AT THE END REJECTED A SOVIET DEMAND THAT THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS BE EJECTED AND THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS ADMITTED IN THEIR PLACE.

THE ASSEMBLY APPROVED ALSO PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S PROPOSAL THAT THE CURRENT 10-YEAR-PERIOD BE DECLARED A "U.N. DEVELOPMENT" DECADE DURING WHICH SPECIAL EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO STIMULATE THE ECONOMIES OF THE UNDER-DEVELOPED NATIONS.

(MB)

ID337PES

A97WX (TOP) (KX FOLO)
(150) SECOND NIGHT LEAD MACMILLAN-KENNEDY
BY LEWIS GULICK

WEST PALM BEACH, FLA., DEC. 20 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY MET TONIGHT WITH HIS KEY FOREIGN POLICY AIDES TO DISCUSS THE SUBJECTS HE WILL TAKE UP IN TWO DAYS OF INTIMATE TALKS WITH BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN.

THE LONG-PLANNED MEETING BETWEEN THE TWO IS SCHEDULED TO BEGIN TOMORROW IN BERMUDA DESPITE THE SERIOUS ILLNESS OF THE PRESIDENT'S FATHER. THERE HAD BEEN SOME THOUGHT OF ASKING MACMILLAN TO COME TO FLORIDA SO THE PRESIDENT COULD REMAIN NEAR HIS FATHER.

THE TOP U.S. FOREIGN POLICY AIDES FLEW HERE FROM WASHINGTON THIS AFTERNOON AND HAD PLANNED TO MEET IMMEDIATELY WITH KENNEDY. BUT JUST AS THEY DROVE UP TO THE OCEAN FRONT HOME HE IS USING THE PRESIDENT GOT WORD THAT HIS FATHER WAS AWAKE.

KENNEDY AND HIS WIFE, JACQUELINE, RUSHED TO THE HOSPITAL AND SPENT 20 MINUTES IN HIS FATHER'S ROOM.

THE DISCUSSION WITH THE FOREIGN AFFAIRS ADVISERS WAS SHIFTED TO A WORKING DINNER MEETING.

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY PIERRE SALINGER SAID THERE WOULD BE NO STATEMENT AFTER THE SESSION.

MACMILLAN, WHO ARRIVED IN BERMUDA THIS MORNING, SENT A MESSAGE OF SYMPATHY TO KENNEDY AND OFFERED TO COME HERE, DESPITE THE DIFFICULTY OF MOVING THE ELABORATE BERMUDA-LONDON COMMUNICATIONS SETUP ALREADY INSTALLED FOR HIM IN THE BRITISH COLONY.

HOWEVER, SALINGER TOLD NEWSMEN THIS AFTERNOON THAT THE DOCTORS

ATTENDING THE PRESIDENT'S FATHER FELT THE PATIENT'S CONDITION, WHILE SERIOUS, WAS SUCH THAT KENNEDY COULD MAKE THE TWO-HOUR FLIGHT TO BERMUDA.

HE WILL LEAVE TOMORROW MORNING AND RETURN FRIDAY NIGHT.

SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK HEADED A PLANELOAD OF ADVISERS WHO LEFT WASHINGTON FOR PALM BEACH IN MIDAFTERNOON FOR A FINAL PRE-CONFERENCE HUDDLE WITH THE PRESIDENT.

OTHERS ABOARD INCLUDED MCGEORGE BUNDY, TOP WHITE HOUSE INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS ADVISER; GLENN T. SEABORG, CHAIRMAN OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION; CHARLES E. BOHLEN, FORMER AMBASSADOR TO MOSCOW WHO SPECIALIZES IN EAST-WEST AFFAIRS AND THE BERLIN ISSUE; AND THE U. S. AMBASSADOR TO LONDON, DAVID K. E. BRUCE.

THIS IS TO BE THE FOURTH KENNEDY-MACMILLAN GET-TOGETHER SINCE KENNEDY BECAME PRESIDENT LAST JANUARY. IT IS ONE IN A SERIES OF PRIVATE TALKS WHICH THE LEADERS OF THE TWO ALLIED POWERS INTEND TO HOLD AS INTERNATIONAL EVENTS DEVELOP.

BECAUSE INTERESTS COMMON TO THE TWO POWERS REACH AROUND THE GLOBE, THE SUMMIT DISCUSSIONS ARE EXPECTED TO RANGE WIDE.

FUTURE DEALINGS WITH THE SOVIETS SEEMED CERTAIN TO RATE HIGH AMONG THE SUBJECTS THAT WILL BE DISCUSSED BY THE TWO CHIEFS. THEY WILL HAVE THE JOB OF GUIDING EXPLORATORY TALKS WITH RUSSIANS TO FIND OUT WHETHER NEGOTIATIONS MIGHT BE POSSIBLE ON BERLIN-GERMANY.

THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIES ENDORSED AT LAST WEEK'S MINISTERIAL MEETING THE U. S.-BRITISH PROBING EFFORT, ALTHOUGH THE FRENCH ARE RELUCTANT ON GROUNDS THAT THEY FEEL AN EAGERNESS TO NEGOTIATE WOULD BE VIEWED BY THE KREMLIN AS A SIGN OF WESTERN WEAKNESS.

THE U. S. AND BRITISH AMBASSADORS IN MOSCOW ARE AWAITING INSTRUCTIONS TO RESUME TALKS AT THE SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTRY.

THE PRESENCE OF SEABORG AND HIS BRITISH COUNTERPART, SIR WILLIAM PENNY, SIGNIFIED SPECIAL ATTENTION TO QUESTIONS IN THE ATOMIC ENERGY FIELD IN WHICH THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN HAVE A CLOSE INTEREST.

THESE INCLUDE THE U. S.-BRITISH EFFORT TO GET SOVIET AGREEMENT TO A NUCLEAR TEST BAN TREATY, AND THE POSSIBLE U. S. RESUMPTION OF ATMOSPHERIC TESTS IF NO TREATY IS ARRIVED AT. BRITAIN OWNS SOME TERRITORY OVER WHICH THE UNITED STATES MIGHT WISH TO CONDUCT ATOMIC EXPLOSIONS.

ALSO AWAITING SOLUTION IS THE INTRICATE PROBLEM OF HOW THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION PARTNERS MIGHT BE GIVEN A GREATER SHARE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS CONTROL.

OTHER POINTS WHICH AIDES SAID THE TWO CHIEFS MIGHT CONSIDER ARE THE CONGO, IN WHICH LONDON HAS BEEN LESS ENTHUSIASTIC THAN WASHINGTON ABOUT U. N. OPERATIONS; FUTURE PROSPECTS FOR THE U. N. GENERALLY; THE INDIAN TAKEOVER OF GOA; AND THE RED THREAT IN SOUTHEAST ASIA.

THE SCHEDULE CALLS FOR KENNEDY'S ARRIVAL IN BERMUDA AT 1 P. M. TOMORROW WITH HIS RETURN TO PALM BEACH SET FOR 6 P. M. FRIDAY.

THE CONFERENCE WILL MARK BERMUDA'S THIRD TIME AS A U. S.-BRITISH SUMMIT SITE. FORMER PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER MET THERE WITH WINSTON CHURCHILL IN DECEMBER 1953 AND WITH MACMILLAN IN MARCH 1957.

--LT526PES

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS---

(ADVANCE) HAMILTON, BERMUDA, DEC. 20 (AP)-BERMUDA'S GOVERNMENT HOUSE, WHERE PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN MEET TOMORROW, IS ON A HIGH RIDGE RUNNING ALONG THE NORTH SHORE OF THIS 352-YEAR-OLD BRITISH COLONY.

THE OFFICIAL RESIDENCE OF THE GOVERNOR OF BERMUDA, IT IS BUILT IN THE STYLE OF ITALIAN ARCHITECTURE OF THE 1800S. IT OVERLOOKS THE CITY OF HAMILTON, THE CAPITAL OF BERMUDA, THE GREAT SOUND (CAPS G, S) TO THE SOUTH AND THE ATLANTIC OCEAN.

THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE PROPERTY TOTALS SLIGHTLY OVER 70 ACRES.

THE NORTHERN PART OF THE GROUNDS IS HEAVILY PLANTED WITH SPRUCE AND PINE TREES. TROPICAL AND SEMITROPICAL TREES, SHRUBS AND PLANTS ARE TO BE FOUND IN OTHER PARTS OF THE GROUNDS.

AMONG THE UNUSUAL FLORA ARE GRU GRUE PALMS, INDIA RUBBER TREES. BAMBOO AND WAMPEE TREES. AN OLEANDER HEDGE, THICK AND COLORFUL, BOUNDS THE PROPERTY.

B38

CONSTRUCTION OF THE RESIDENCE WAS BEGUN IN 1886 AND COMPLETED IN 1892.

ITS MAIN SECTION FORMS A BROAD AND SOMEWHAT IRREGULAR "H." TOWERS POINT UP THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE STRUCTURE.

THE PRINCIPAL FACADE OVERLOOKS THE ATLANTIC TO THE NORTH AND IS A LONG, DOUBLE ARCADE OF ROUNDED ARCHES. ALONG THE WEST SIDE STRETCHES A SERIES OF APARTMENTS. IN THE MIDDLE IS THE ENTRANCE FOR OFFICIAL CALLERS.

TO THE LEFT OF THE ENTRANCE ARE OFFICES OF THE GOVERNOR, RECEPTION AND MUSIC ROOMS, LIBRARY, DRAWING ROOM, DINING ROOM AND BALLROOM. THE SECOND FLOOR HOUSES 11 BEDROOMS AND 6 SERVANTS' ROOMS.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE HAS NOT OFTEN BEEN USED FOR CONFERENCES, AND ITS GUESTS ARE USUALLY PERSONAL FRIENDS OF THE GOVERNOR.

HOWEVER, QUEEN ELIZABETH II STOPPED THERE IN 1953 ON HER WORLD TOUR. SHE WAS THE FIRST REIGNING BRITISH MONARCH TO VISIT THE COLONY.

CONFERENCES OF A HIGH LEVEL NATURE USUALLY HAVE BEEN HELD AT THE MID OCEAN CLUB AT THE SOUTHEAST END OF BERMUDA.

THE FIRST AMERICAN PRESIDENT TO VISIT BERMUDA WHILE IN OFFICE WAS HARRY S. TRUMAN. HE CAME IN AUGUST 1946 TO REST AND RELAX.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER JOURNEYED HERE TWICE, BOTH TIMES ON BUSINESS. IN 1953 HE MET WITH BRITISH PRIME MINISTER WINSTON CHURCHILL AND FRENCH PREMIER JOSEPH LANIEL FOR A DISCUSSION OF WORLD AFFAIRS. THE SECOND TIME WAS IN 1957--FOR TALKS WITH MACMILLAN.

(END ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS--MOVED DEC. 19)--

BNX12AES

B60 Q (160)

BRUSSELS, BELGIUM, DEC.20 (AP)-EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET AGRICULTURE MINISTERS SCORED THEIR FIRST BREAKTHROUGH TONIGHT IN TALKS AIMED AT SOLVING STUBBORN AGRICULTURAL PROBLEMS, INFORMANTS SAID.

THE INFORMED SOURCES SAID WEST GERMANY BROKE ONE DEADLOCK AFTER AN ALL-DAY MEETING BY AGREEING TO LIMIT TO THREE YEARS--INSTEAD OF THE SIX ORIGINALLY ASKED--THE PERIOD DURING WHICH IT NEED NOT ALIGN THE PRICES OF ITS AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS WITH TARGET PRICES FIXED BY THE COMMON MARKET.

AFTER THREE YEARS WEST GERMANY WOULD HAVE TO PROGRESSIVELY LINE UP ITS PRICES WITH TARGET PRICES. THIS PROGRESSIVE ADAPTATION SHOULD START JANUARY 1. IN THE OTHER COMMON MARKET COUNTRIES, PROVIDED AGREEMENT HAS BEEN REACHED ON ALL AGRICULTURAL PROBLEMS BEFORE THE END OF THE YEAR, THE INFORMANTS SAID.

TALKS CONTINUED ON OTHER CONTROVERSIAL POINTS AFFECTING AGRICULTURE, INCLUDING A SAFEGUARD CLAUSE THAT WOULD ENABLE A COUNTRY TO RAISE TARIFFS OR IMPOSE QUOTAS ON CERTAIN IMPORTED PRODUCTS IF NATIONAL ECONOMY IS THREATENED.

QR/HB717PES

A171CX

CHICAGO, DEC. 20 (AP)-THIRTEEN UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PROFESSORS MADE PUBLIC TODAY A STATEMENT ENDORSING THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION'S FALLOUT SHELTER PROGRAM.

THE STATEMENT TOOK ISSUE WITH ONE CIRCULATED EARLIER THIS MONTH AND SIGNED BY PROFESSORS FROM NINE CHICAGO AREA COLLEGES--INCLUDING THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO--AND THE UNIVERSITY OF WICHITA.

THE EARLIER STATEMENT CALLED THE PROPOSED FEDERAL FALLOUT SHELTER PROGRAM INADEQUATE AND CHARGED IT MIGHT INDUCE AMERICANS TO ACCEPT NUCLEAR WARFARE AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY.

THE ENDORSEMTN SAID A FULL SCALE SHELTER PROGRAM WOULD MAKE A BIG DIFFERENCE IN THE ABILITY OF THE NATION TO SURVIVE A NUCLEAR ATTACK.

"EVEN THOUGH MILLIONS WOULD DIE, MILLIONS COULD BE SAVED BY THE PROGRAM. THIS IS A POINT THE OTHERS DENY OR OVERLOOK," THE STATEMENT SAID.

THE STATEMENT WAS DRAWN UP AND SIGNED BY PROF. AARON DIRECTOR, OF CHICAGO'S LAW DEPARTMENT, AND PROF. MARTIN BAILEY, OF THE UNIVERSITY'S ECONOMIC DEPARTMENT. ELEVEN OTHER PROFESSORS SIGNED THE DOCUMENT.

DIRECTOR SAID THE STATEMENT WAS CIRCULATED TO MAKE CLEAR THOSE WHO SIGNED THE DENOUNCEMENT OF THE SHELTER PROGRAM DID "NOT SPEAK FOR THE ENTIRE PROFESSION."

WZ1050PCS NM
A150CX (M1)
(220)

JOLIET, ILL., DEC. 20 (AP)-STATEVILLE PENITENTIARY PRISONERS WHO PARTICIPATED IN A 15-DAY TEST OF A SURVIVAL DIET DESIGNED FOR LIVING IN A FALLOUT SHELTER MANIFESTED LITTLE OR NO LOSS OF PHYSICAL OR MENTAL EFFICIENCY, A MEDICAL SCIENTIST SAID TODAY.

BUT THE PRISONERS SUFFERED A WEIGHT LOSS AVERAGING SIX POUNDS PER MAN, SAID DR. EDWARD PISCZEK, CHAIRMAN OF THE PREVENTIVE MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF LOYOLA UNIVERSITY.

THE TWO-WEEK TEST STARTED NOV. 17 WITH 50 PRISONERS SELECTED FROM SEVERAL HUNDRED VOLUNTEERS. TODAY, THE 37 MEN WHO STUCK WITH THE DIET RECEIVED CERTIFICATES OF APPRECIATION FROM THE ILLINOIS CIVIL DEFENSE AGENCY.

THE CIVIL DEFENSE AGENCY WAS ONE OF THE SPONSORS OF THE TEST.

THE PRISONERS ATE ONLY 66 SPECIALLY PREPARED WAFERS AND TWO QUARTS OF LIQUID PER MAN PER DAYS.

WARDEN FRANK PATE SAID DOCTORS CHECKED THE MEN DAILY TO MAKE CERTAIN THEIR HEALTH WAS NOT SERIOUSLY IMPAIRED BY THE TEST.

DR. PISCZEK SAID THE TEST SHOWED THE HIGH-NUTRITION, LOW-CALORIE DIET WOULD HAVE LITTLE OR NO EFFECT ON A SHELTER DWELLER'S EFFICIENCY AND STATE OF MIND. HE SAID THE CONVICTS WERE ABLE TO PERFORM THEIR DAILY PRISON CHORES WITH LOSS OF EFFICIENCY OR SERIOUS DEPRESSION.

DR. PISCZEK SAID THE PRISONERS ATE 22 CRACKERS AT EACH MEAL OR A TOTAL OF 2,000 CALORIES A DAY.

DR. PISCZEK SAID A NORMAL, AVERAGE MAN WOULD USE BETWEEN FOUR AND SIX QUARTS OF LIQUID A DAY, DEPENDING ON THE AMOUNT OF WORK DONE. MOST PERSONS NEED ABOUT 3,000 TO 4,000 CALORIES PER DAY, HE ADDED.

WZ914PCS

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS

AN AP NEWS ANALYSIS
BY PETER ARNETT

(ADVANCE)...BANGKOK (AP)-A YEAR-END VIEW OF THE SITUATION IN SOUTHEAST ASIA SHOWS THE WEST'S SYSTEM OF COLLECTIVE DEFENSE IS SOMEWHAT BATTERED. THE COMMUNISTS HAVE MADE ADVANCES THIS YEAR.

THE PERFORMANCE OF THE SOUTHEAST ASIA TREATY ORGANIZATION (SEATO) IS UNDER SPECIAL SCRUTINY. SEATO WAS CREATED SEVEN YEARS AGO WHEN THE NORTHERN HALF OF VIET NAM FELL TO THE COMMUNISTS. ITS JOB WAS TO STOP FURTHER EXPANSION OF COMMUNISM IN THIS CORNER OF ASIA.

SOME ASIAN LEADERS POINT TO THIS YEAR'S ACTIVITIES AS EVIDENCE THAT SEATO IS NOT MEASURING UP TO ITS OBLIGATIONS.

FOUR COUNTRIES, THEY FEEL, HAVE SUFFERED FROM THE COMMUNISTS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS:

LAOS: PROTRACTED NEGOTIATIONS ARE CONTINUING IN AN EFFORT TO ESTABLISH A NEUTRALIST GOVERNMENT OR POSSIBLY A PRO-COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT.

SOUTH VIET NAM: COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS ARE HAMMERING AT THE SHAKY REGIME OF PRESIDENT NGO DINH DIEM.

THAILAND: COMMUNIST INROADS INTO THE SENSITIVE NORTHEAST REGION BORDERING LAOS HAVE BEEN UNCOVERED, PARTICULARLY AMONG THE ILLITERATE PEASANTRY.

CAMBODIA: COMMUNIST BANDS ARE REPORTEDLY MOVING FREELY ACROSS THE NORTHEASTERN BORDERS FOR BETTER STRIKES AT SOUTH VIET NAM.

~~NEUTRALIST PREMIER PRINCE NORODOM SIHANOUK DOES--NOT SEEM TO BE~~

30.24-2543

PERTURBED ABOUTHIT.

THAILAND IS A MEMBER OF THE EIGHT-NATION ALLIANCE, AND BANGKOK IS SEATO HEADQUARTERS. LAOS, SOUTH VIET NAM AND CAMBODIA COME UNDER SEATO'S "PROTECTIVE UMBRELLA."

THE ROLE THAT SEATO SHOULD PLAY IN THE DEFENSE OF JUNGLED SOUTHEAST ASIA HAS BEEN ARGUED IN TOP WESTERN POLITICAL CIRCLES EVER SINCE THE TREATY ORGANIZATION FACED ITS FIRST REAL TEST IN LAOS LAST YEAR.

THAILAND AND THE PHILIPPINES, BOTH KEY SEATO MEMBERS, WANTED STRONG ACTION AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS, WHO WERE GIVING MASSIVE ARMS ASSISTANCE TO THE PATHET LAO GUERRILLAS.

PRO-WESTERN LAOTIAN LEADERS WANTED SEATO TO DISPATCH AN OBSERVATION TEAM TO VIEW THE SITUATION FOR ITSELF.

THE WHOLE QUESTION WAS THRESHED OUT IN SEATO'S HIGHEST COUNCILS. THE ARGUMENT HAS STILL NOT BEEN RESOLVED.

THE INITIAL LINE-UP IN THE WHOLE QUESTION OF FIRMER SEATO ACTION WAS THIS:

FOR ACTION: THAILAND, THE PHILIPPINES AND PAKISTAN.
AGAINST: BRITAIN, FRANCE, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.
UNCERTAIN: UNITED STATES.

EVENTUALLY, THE UNITED STATES AND AUSTRALIA SIDED WITH SEATO'S THREE ASIAN MEMBERS AND PUSHED FOR A FIRMER APPROACH TO THE COMMUNIST MENACE. BRITAIN AND FRANCE WOULD NOT HEAR OF THIS, AND NEW ZEALAND WENT ALONG WITH THAT THINKING.

A UNANIMOUS DECISION IS NEEDED FOR SEATO ACTION.

THE EFFECT ON THE MILITARY THINKING OF THAILAND, IN PARTICULAR, WAS DRAMATIC. PRIMEMINISTER SARIT THANARAT, THAILAND'S TOP SOLDIER, AND FOREIGN MINISTER THANAT KHOMAN EXPRESSED DISILLUSION AT SEATO'S "VACILLATING POLICY."

IN NOVEMBER SARIT ANNOUNCED THAILAND WOULD CONCLUDE A TRADE ACCORD WITH THE SOVIET UNION. SOME UNEASY FOREIGN OBSERVERS SEE THIS AS THE FIRST STEP TOWARD A NEUTRALITY SIMILAR TO THAT IN NEIGHBORING CAMBODI AND BURMA.

THAI OFFICIALS DENY THIS, BUT ON THE OTHER HAND SAY THAT A LITTLE FRIENDLINESS TO RUSSIA WILL NOT HURT THEM.

PRESIDENT DIEM IS IN A DIFFERENT POSITION FROM SARIT OF THAILAND. DIEM IS UNACCETAPABLE TO THE COMMUNISTS IN ANY FORM AND HE HAS TO FIGHT TO SURVIVE.

SEATO'S STAND ON VIET NAM IS SIMILAR TO THAT ON LAOS LAST YEAR. THE TREATY ORGANIZATION, UNDER ITS CHARTER, WILL TAKE ACTION ONLY AGAINST OVERT AGGRESSION, AND AT THE REQUEST OF THE GOVERNMENT CONCERNED. TOP OFFICIALS IN BOTH THAILAND AND THE PHILIPPINES CLAIM THAT THIS IS A TOO LITERAL READING OF THE SEATO CHARTER.

SEATO'S POLICY, ACCORDING TOO TREATY ORGANIZATION OFFICIALS, INCLUDING SECRETARY-GENERAL POTE SARASIN, HAS PREVENTED ANY FULL-SCALE AGGRESSION BY THE COMMUNISTS IN SOUTHEAST ASIA OVER THE PAST SEVEN YEARS.

SEATO ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT HAS LOST PRESTIGE THIS YEAR, BUT A REPORT CLAIMS THAT THIS IS BECAUSE THE ROLE OF THE TREATY ORGANIZATION HAS BEEN MISINTERPRETED BY ASIAN LEADERS. SEATO IS A DEFENSE ORGANIZATION, THE REPORT SAID, AND MUST NOT INTERFERE IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF NATIONS.

THE UNITED STATES HAS SOUGHT TO ASSURE THAILAND, SOUTH VIET NAM AND THE PHILIPPINES THAT WHEN THE CHIPS ARE DOWN THE UNITED STATES WILL ACT.

END ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS--MOVED DEC. 19.

MG/KS1043AES

A179WX

SECOND NIGHT LEAD COMMUNISTS

WASHINGTON, DEC. 21 (THURSDAY) (AP)-AS EXPECTED, THE MIDNIGHT DEADLINE FOR MEMBERS OF THE U. S. COMMUNIST PARTY TO REGISTER AS AGENTS OF A FOREIGN POWER WAS IGNORED.

NO NAMES HAD BEEN FILED WITH THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT, AS ORDERED. THERE WAS A REMOTE CHANCE THAT SOME INDIVIDUAL'S REGISTRATION MAILED BEFORE LAST NIGHT'S DEADLINE WOULD SHOW UP LATER--AND THIS WOULD BE COMPLIANCE. BUT THE DEPARTMENT WASN'T EXPECTING ANY.

THE FBI ESTIMATES THERE ARE 10,000 OF THE PARTY FAITHFUL. THE GOVERNMENT CAN MOVE AGAINST THOSE WHO IGNORE THE ORDER AND TRY TO SEND THEM TO JAIL.

THIS COULD BE A TEDIOUS PROCESS. EACH INDIVIDUAL MUST BE FORMALLY ACCUSED BEFORE THE SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES CONTROL BOARD OF BELONGING TO THE PARTY. THE BOARD THEN MUST ORDER EACH TO REGISTER. THIS ORDER IS SUBJECT TO FULL REVIEW BY THE COURTS.

IF CONVICTED, EACH MEMBER COULD BE FINED $10,000 AND SENTENCED TO FIVE YEARS IN PRISON FOR EACH DAY OF VIOLATION.

THERE HAD NEVER BEEN ANY EXPECTATION THAT THE PARTY MEMBERS WOULD REGISTER. THEY COULD DO SO--BY MAIL OR IN PERSON--AT THE INTERNAL SECURITY DIVISION OF THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT HERE.

TONIGHT'S DEADLINE WAS THE LAST OF THREE SET BY THE GOVERNMENT AFTER A 10-YEAR LEGAL FIGHT WHICH BEGAN FOLLOWING PASSAGE OF THE INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950. A LONG SERIES OF COURT DELAYS WAS HALTED WHEN THE SUPREME COURT CLOSED THE DOOR ON APPEALS EARLIER THIS FALL.

THE PARTY ITSELF IGNORED A NOV. 20 DEADLINE TO REGISTER AND SO DID ITS LEADERS ON NOV. 30.

THE DEPARTMENT GOT AN INDICTMENT AGAINST THE PARTY ON DEC. 1, THE PARTY LEADED INNOCENT AND A TRIAL IS SET TO BEGIN FEB. 1-- A MUCH SIMPLIER PROCEDURE THAN ACTION AGAINST INDIVIDUALS. THE PARTY COULD BE FINED $10,000 FOR EACH DAY OF NON-REGISTRATION.

LT&CZ7PES

TOKYO, DEC. 20 (AP)-THE SUPREME COURT TODAY STRUCK DOWN A GOVERNMENT ATTEMPT TO PROSECUTE ONE OF JAPAN'S TOP COMMUNISTS ON A CHARGE DATING FROM THE U.S. OCCUPATION.

THE COURT VOTED 9-6 TO UPHOLD A LOWER COURT RULING THAT A 1953 CHARGE AGAINST SANEKI MATSUMOTO, 57, VIOLATED THE JAPANESE CONSTITUTION.

THE COURT'S FINDING IN EFFECT DESTROYED THE GOVERNMENT CASE AGAINST FIVE OTHER LEADING COMMUNISTS NOW ON TRIAL ON THE SAME CHARGE, INCLUDING PARTY CHAIRMAN SANZO NOSAKA.

ALL SIX HAD BEEN PURGED FROM POLITICAL ACTIVITY BY ORDER OF U.S. OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES AFTER THE KOREAN WAR BROKE OUT IN 1950. UNDER THE SO-CALLED ORGANIZATION REGULATION ORDINANCE, ALL WERE REQUIRED TO REPORT PERIODICALLY TO POLICE. THEY REFUSED AND WERE CHARGED WITH VIOLATING THE ORDINANCE.

MATSUMOTO, FORMER MEMBER OF THE PARTY'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE, WENT UNDERGROUND BUT WAS ARRESTED IN MAY 1953. HE WAS NEVER JAILED. TWO LOWER COURTS RULED IN HIS FAVOR BEFORE THE CASE REACHED THE SUPREME COURT.

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BY JOHN FIEHN

BERLIN, DEC. 20 (AP)-EAST GERMAN FORCES GUARDING THE BERLIN WALL HAVE ORDERS TO SHOOT AT WESTERN SOLDIERS ONLY IN SELF-DEFENSE, TWO 18-YEAR-OLD POLICEMEN WHO ESCAPED TO THE WEST SAID TODAY.

BUT THE COMMUNISTS WANT THEIR GUARDS TO BE QUICK ON THE DRAW WHEN IT COMES TO SHOOTING AT REFUGEES, THE TWO TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE IN WEST BERLIN.

THE OFFICIAL SLOGAN, THEY SAID, IS: "A DEAD REFUGEE IS BETTER THAN A REFUGEE ON THE OTHER (WEST) SIDE OF THE BORDER."

THOSE WHO KILL OR INJURE A REFUGEE ARE REWARDED BY TRANSFER TO OTHER UNITS AWAY FROM THE BORDER, THEY SAID, WHILE THE CAPTURE OF A REFUGEE MEANS PRIZES RANGING FROM THE EQUIVALENT OF $25 TO $37.50 AND A THREE-DAY PASS.

THE YOUNG DEFECTORS, IDENTIFIED ONLY AS RALF AND EBERHARD, WERE PAIRED ON GUARD DUTY NEAR THE SOUTHERN FRINGE OF BERLIN WHEN THEY MADE THEIR BREAK THROUGH BARBED WIRE ENTANGLEMENTS SUNDAY, DEC. 10.

BY THEIR ACCOUNT, THE EAST GERMAN FORCES WOULD BE ALLOWED TO FIRE ON A SOLDIER OF THE U.S., BRITISH AND FRENCH GARRISONS ONLY IF THE SOLDIER SHOT AT THEM FIRST.

THE GUARDS ARE TO AVOID FIRING INTO WEST BERLIN BUT MAY SHOOT AT ANY CIVILIAN NEAR THE BORDER, THE REFUGEES SAID.

THIS "SON'T SHOOT AT THE ALLIES" ORDERS APPLIES EVEN IF MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN, BRITISH OR FRENCH FORCES SHOULD GO OVER THE WALL INTO EAST BERLIN, THE TWO SAID.

MEMBERS OF THE ALLIED GARRISONS IN UNIFORM HAVE FREE ACCESS TO EAST BERLIN, BUT MAY CROSS ONLY AT THE FRIEDRICHSTRASSE CHECKPOINT.

SHOULD AN AMERICAN SOLDIER PENETRATE INTO EAST BERLIN AT ANY OTHER PLACE, THE BORDER GUARDS ARE UNDER ORDERS TO NOTIFY THEIR COMPANY HEADQUARTERS.

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KARLSRUHE, GERMANY, DEC. 20 (AP)-THREE FORMER OFFICERS OF THE NAZI SS, INCLUDING ONE WHO HELD AN IMPORTANT POST IN WEST GERMAN INTELLIGENCE UNTIL A FEW YEARS AGO, WERE SENTENCED TODAY TO PRISON TERMS FOR THE WARTIME SLAUGHTER OF SOVIET AND LITHUANIAN JEWS.

CONVICTED OF COMPLICITY IN THE MURDER OF MORE THAN 1,000 JEWS WAS FORMER BRIG. GEN. ERICH EHRLINGER WHO DREW A TERM OF 12 YEARS. FOUR-YEAR SENTENCES WERE HANDED TO EX-LT. REINHOLD BRUENNERT AND FORMER CAPT. DR. HANS SCHUHMACHER.

SCHUHMACHER FORMERLY WAS HEAD OF THE SAARLAND OFFICE FOR COMBATING COMMUNIST AND NAZI ACTIVITIES.

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End of Dec 20, 1961